





Transfer Printed Tiles 1756-1851

From over-glaze to under-glaze

#1 of 2 by Hans van Lemmen Presented to the Transferware Collectors Club, October, 2017





Sadler & Green tiles

Groon of Liverpoole aforesaid printer severaly make Oath Hint on Tues The twonty soventhe Day of July instant they these Deponents without the aid or Afsistance of any other person or persons Did within the space of six. hours to wit botisist the hour of inte in the morning and three in the afternoon of the same Day print upwards of Twoloo hundred larthen ware Tiles of different Satterus at Liverpoole aforecaid and which as _ Hese Deponents have heard and believe were more in muber and better and neater than One hundred shifful Bot painters could have painted in the fike space of time in the comon and usual way of painting with a pera and theve Deponents say that they have been upisards of Soben years in finding out the mothed of printing Tiles and in making Tryals and separine for that purpose which they how now through great poins and expense brought to porfochou "Ohndadler Jaken and Swozne at Liverpoole ing the Compost Laucaster the Second -Day of August One Thousand Soven hundred and fifty lise Boforo W. Stallians a Mariosty in Chancery

John Jadlor of Liverpools in the County of Laucaster printer and lying

The Affidavit by John Sadler and Guy Green dated Tuesday 27 July, and sworn before William Statham in Liverpool on 2 August 1756 Afternoon of the same Day print upwards of Twolvo hundrod larthon ware Tiles of different batterns at Liverpoole aforewaid and which as these Deponents have heard and believe word more in mumber and better and neater than One hundred shifful bot painters could have painted in the fike space of time in the course and usual way of painting with a perm

'afternoon of the same day, print upwards of twelve hundred earthenware tiles of different patterns, at Liverpoole aforesaid, and which these deponents have heard and believe were more in number, and better, and neater, than one hundred skilful pot painters could have painted in the like space of time in the common and usual way of painting with a pencil'













Wood block printed tile with chinoiserie subject 1756-7

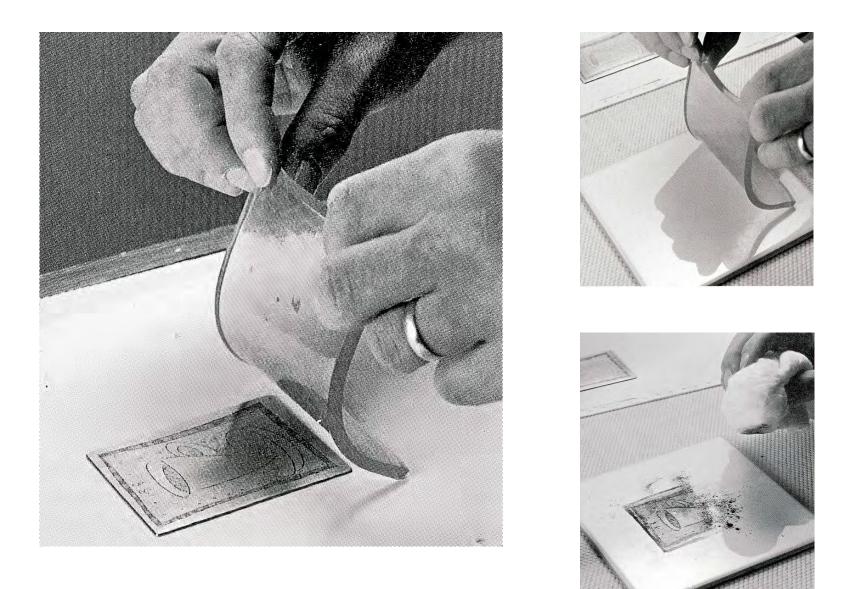


7

Detail of wood block printed tile 1756-7



Detail of copper plate printed tile 1765-75



Bat printing and dusting on process illustrated in Paul Scott's Ceramics and Print (1994)



Signed tile 1758-61



Jesus and the Samarian woman at the well

Religious subjects with '88' borders 1765-1775



The Fox and the Crow

The Stag looking into the Water

Aesop's Fables 1770-80 with '88' borders (Guy Green)



Pierce-Nichols House, Salem, Massachusetts, 1782





The Four Seasons

The Three Graces

Neo-Classical subjects 1770-80 (Guy Green)



British actors and actresses 1777-80 (British Museum collection)



Mr. Garrick in the role of Don John in The Chances

BRITISH THEATRE,

Confifting of the most esteemed

ENGLISH PLAYS.

VOLUME THE EIGHTH.

Being the Fourth VOLUME of COMEDIES.

CONTAINING

The FUNERAL, by Sir RICHARD STEELE. LOVE FOR LOVE, by WILLIAM CONGREVE, Efq. The CARELESS HUSBAND, by Colley CIBBER, Efq. The TENDER HUSBAND, by Sir RICH. STEELE. The BUSY BODY, by Mrs. CENTLIVRE.

L O N D O N : Printed for JOHN BELL, at the British Library, Strand.

M DCC LXXX. 17 ST.

这就过了村田复树 游戏系

自我相同。 使罪 稳固定 把章权属运

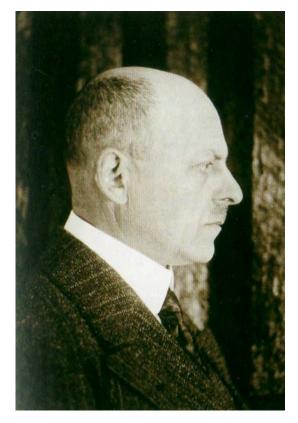


M. ABINGTON in the Character of MISS PRUE. Look you here Cousin, here's a Snuff Box; nay there's Snuff init, here will you have any?

Bell's British Theatre Vol. 8 printed in 1780 (140 plays in 21 volumes published between 1777 and 1783) 17



Mrs. Wrighten in the Character of Peggy



Robert Forrer (1866-1947)

The History of European Ceramic Tiles, Strassburg, 1901

Geschichte * der * Europäischen * * fliesen-Keramik

VOM·MITTELHLTER·BIS·ZUM·JHDRE·1900· Von Dr. R. FORRER.

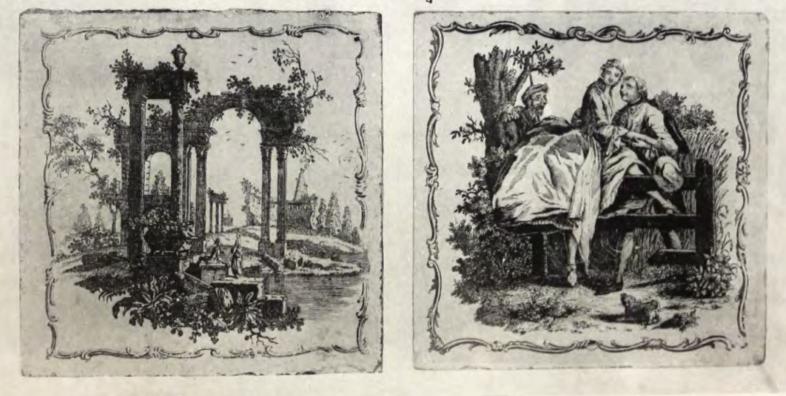
> Mit 107 Tafeln (700 Hbbildungen) in Licht- und farbendruck, nebst 200 Hbbildungen im Text.



Strassburg i. Els. 1901.

Verlag von Schlesier und Schweikhardt. Druck von Cext und Cafeln durch die Elsässische Druckerei zu Strassburg i. Els.

> 75 JEGELMUSEUM OTTERLO



Englische, auf weiss glasirtem Grund in schwarzem resp. rothem Kupferdruck hergestellte Wandfliesen, angefertigt durch John Sadler zu Liverpool um 1770. ¹/₂ nat. Gr. (Coll. Forrer).

1-3. Antike Landschaften mit Staffage; je 0,6 cm dick. Aus London. - 4. In rother Farbe ausgeführter Kupferdruck mit galanter Darstellung. Aus London. 12¹/₂ zu 0,7 cm.

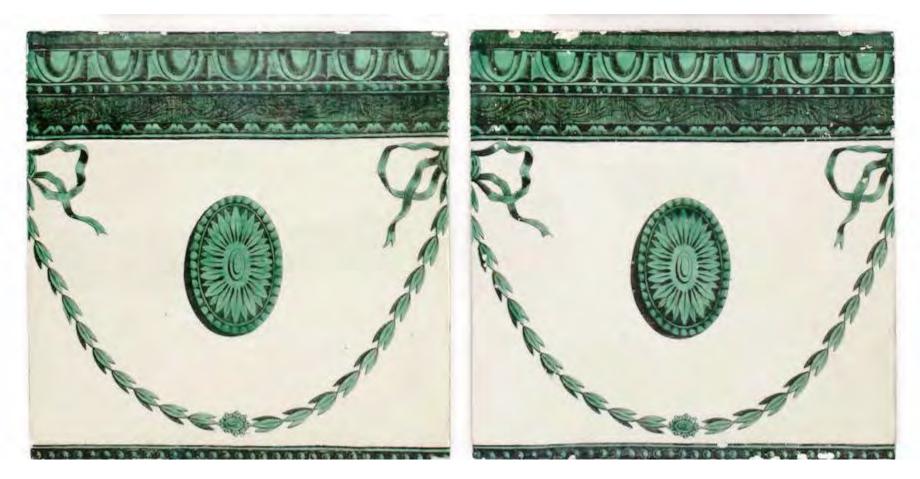
Page 71 from The History of European Ceramic Tiles featuring Sadler and Green tiles



V&A reserve collection London with Sadler & Green tiles

Wedgwood tiles

Creamware tiles: a new type of tile



Wedgwood creamware tiles with over-glaze transfers printed by Guy Green showing an eggand-dart frieze, classical swags and paterae. c. 1775-80 (sold at Bonhams Auctioneers, London in 2016)





The late 18th century tiled dairy at Althorp

THE DAIRY, ALTHORP.







Creamware tile with on-glaze print showing *Summer* printed by Thomas Fletcher of Shelton, 1796 -1800 based on the engraved print below

(Potteries Museum & Art Gallery, Hanley)

'Summer' from *Temple of Taste*, Part 2, published in January, 1793 by Charles Taylor, No. 10 Holborn, London.



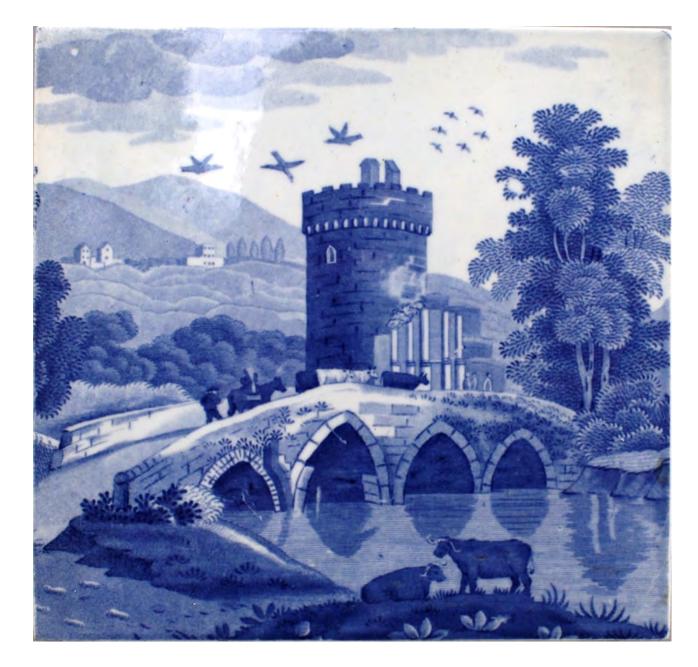


Spode tiles



Tiles with over-glaze (pluck-and-dust) transfer prints with scenes from the Greek pattern showing *Refreshments for Phliasian Horsemen and Zeus in his Chariot* c. 1806-10 (sold at Bonhams Auctioneers, London in 2016)

The transfer printing and the cobalt blue are under-glaze, the pink, red, yellow, pale blue and black outlines are over glaze, c. 1825



Under-glaze transfer printed tile depicting Lucano Bridge, c. 1825

Copeland & Garrett tiles



Chinese porcelain plate from the Kangxi reign 1690-1700 with the so-called Lange Lijsen or Jumping Boy design



Transfer printed Spode plate with Lange Lijsen/Jumping Boy design





Copeland & Garrett tile, c. 1835











Tile with underglaze transfer print with colour pigments added by hand, c. 1835-40



Under-glaze printed tile showing the church at Waterloo in Belgium, c. 1835-40





Smith & Co. tiles



Mid 19th c. map of Stockton on Tees and South Stockton marked with the Stafford Pottery



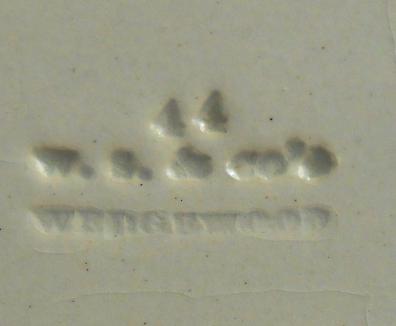
Smith & Co. transfer printed plate with the Willow pattern pre-1848



Reverse of a Smith & Co. transfer printed plate with the Willow pattern with impressed Wedgewood name under

W. S. & Co. (William Smith & Co.) impressed mark

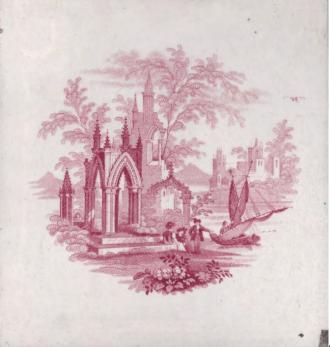








Transfer printed tiles attributed to Smith & Co.







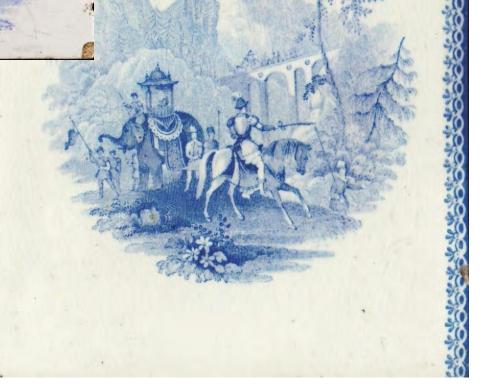


Centre of Smith & Co. soup plate

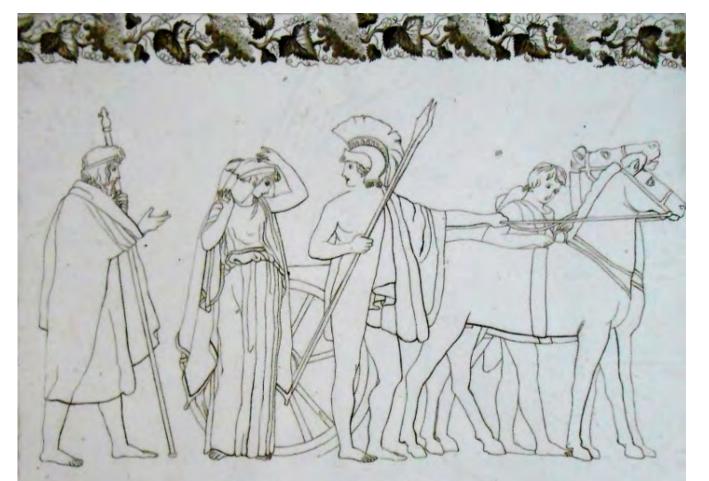
Tile attributed to Smith & Co.



Tiles attributed to Smith & Co. with scenes showing 'Hannibal crossing the Alps'



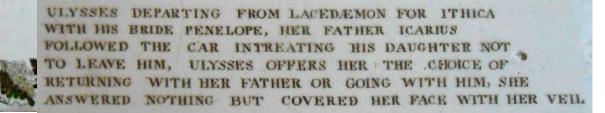
R. Davies tiles



ULYSSET DEPARTING FROM LACEDEMON FOR ITHEA WITH HIS BRIDE PENELOPE, HER FATHER ICARIUS FOLLOWED THE CAR INTREATING HIS DAUGHTER NOT TO LEAVE HIM, ULYSSES OFFERS HER THE CHECE OF RETURNING WITH HER FATHER OR GONG WITH HIM. SHE ANSWERED NOTHING BUT COVERED HER FACE WITH HER VEH. Large under-glaze printed tile (12 x 12 inches) showing Ulysses departing from Lacedaemon.

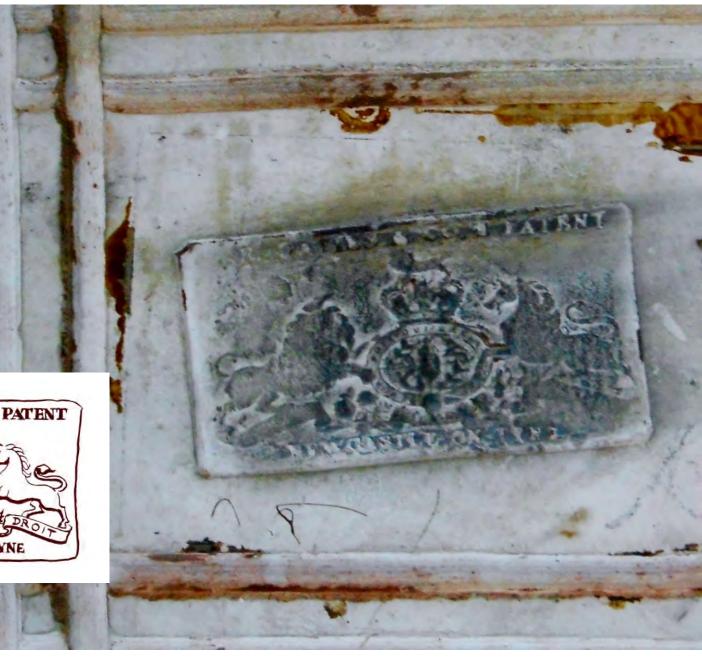
R. Davies & Co. , Sheriff Hill, Newcastle , 1833-51

46



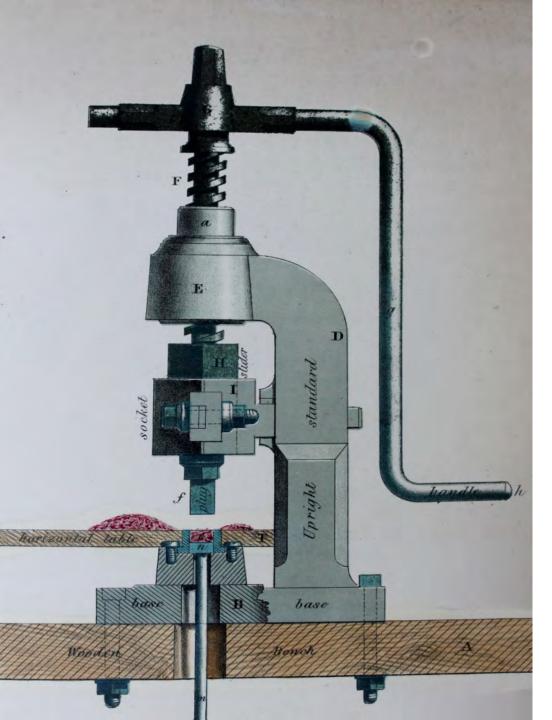
Impressed mark on the back of the R. Davies tile showing the Royal Coat of Arms pre-1837 which places the date of the tile between 1833-37

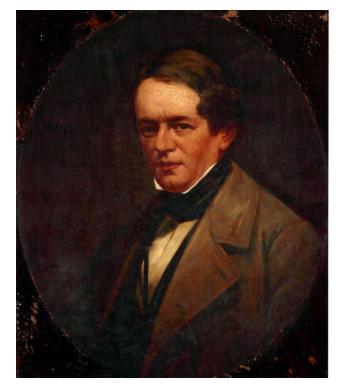




Minton & Co. tiles

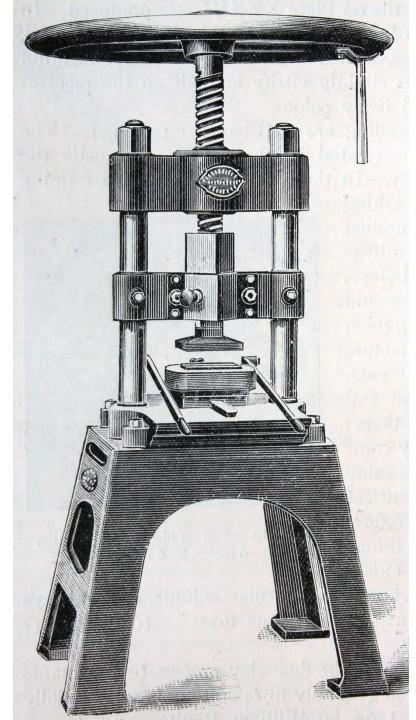


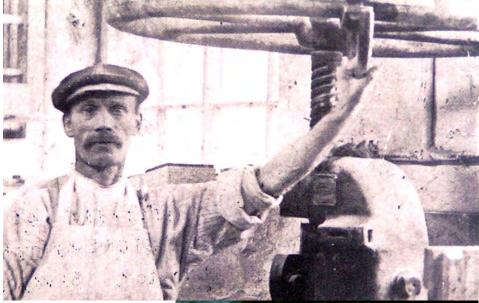




Richard Prosser patented his invention for dust-pressing clay in 1840







The mass production of standard six-inch dust pressed tiles







Tile with under-glaze transfer print from a copperplate depicting a flower basket. The reverse carries an acknowledgement of Prosser's Patent and a printed mark 'No 16 Blue' indicating a very early pattern number, c. 1845





Engraved copper plate (scenes from Albrecht Dürer series) from the Minton archive. This was almost sold for scrap in 2006 but it is now stored safely with other Minton printing plates in the Wedgwood Museum 52



Alfred Reynolds (1818–91), photographed in 1879,

"	July 30 .	Mallet and Dawson .		Uses for porcelain, &c.
,,	Nov. 17 .	Masters, Thomas		" "
"				Improvements in manufactu
1847		Newton, A. V		
,,		Bourne, Joseph		
"		Ridgway, John		
"	Nov. 20 .	Walker, Thomas		Decoration.
. , ,	Dec. 31 .	Pratt, F. E		Improvements in manufactu
1848	March 8	Whishaw, F		,, ,, ,,
,,		Collins and Reynolds .		
"	April 10.	Spencer, Thomas		Improvements in manufactur
1849		Tooth, William		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
,,	May 3 .	Buller, T. W		,, ,, ,,
"	May 22 .	Da Costa, S. I		»» »» »»
,,	May 24 .	Goodfellow, T. and G.		33 33 33

Alfred Reynolds and his printing invention of 1848



Minton metal printing plates now kept at the Wedgwood Museum

"In the production of patterns the outline of a design was marked out very lightly on a piece of zinc and a print taken off the zinc. This print was then laid down on a thicker piece of zinc and all the metal outside the limits of the design routed away to the required depth leaving the design in relief. In the case of three colour designs the process would have to be repeated three times, care being taken that each part of the design would fit in with the whole pattern.

From Minton Archive document MSS No. 1405 quoted in Lockett's Victorian Tiles (1979) p. 50



Copper-plate printed tile from the 'Watteau' series c. 1845 1850-51 Block-printed tile c.



Block-printed tiles in two colours c. 1850-51

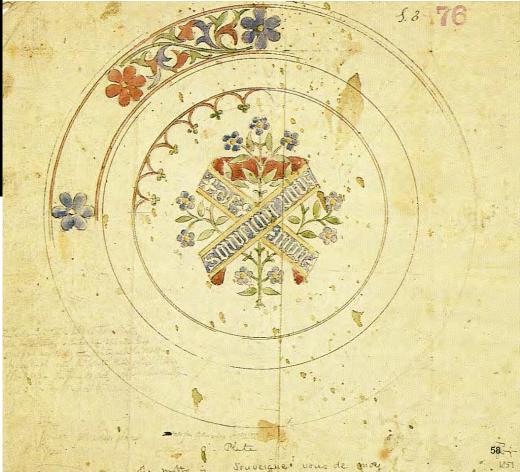


EGORIATEO ORNAMENT OESIGNEO 69 A-WELBY EVGIN.





Hand drawn and coloured and design for a plate by A.W.N Pugin for Minton, signed and dated 1851 Minton plate with block-printed designs with the French motto SOUVEIGNE VOUS DE MOY (remember me)





Two block-printed tiles designed by A.W. N. Pugin c. 1851



One of the walls in the Smoking Room at the Palace of Westminster covered with block-printed tiles by A.W.N. Pugin, c. 1850





Fireplace in the Queen's Robing Room at the Palace of Westminster c. 1851

h block-printed tiles by A.W.N Pugin,



Louis Haghe The Great Exhibition: The Medieval Court, 1851 (Royal Collection, London)





PERMIT I

Minton tiled jardinières exhibited at the Great Exhibition of 1851

